

ISIS-2447

In claim 20, line 1, please delete "claim 1" and insert --claim 22-- therefor.

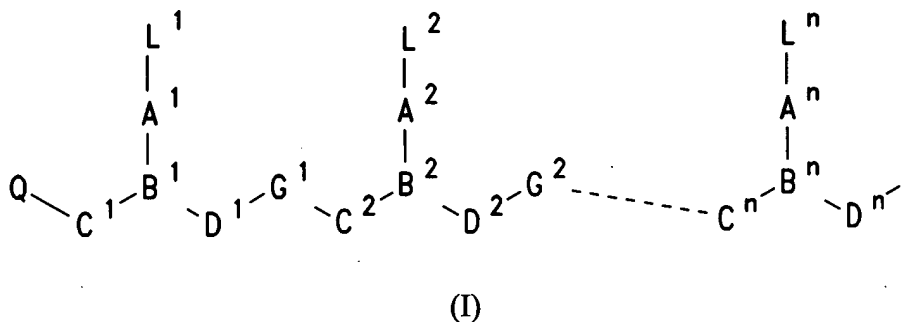
In claim 21, line 1, please delete "claim 11" and insert --claim 22-- therefor.

Please add new claim 22 as follows.

21
-- 22. A nucleic acid mimic in admixture with at least one target molecule selected from the group consisting of nucleic acids, transcription factors, carbohydrates and proteins, said mimic comprising a non-naturally occurring backbone structure to which are appended a plurality of heterocyclic bases,

at least one of said bases being substituted with at least one sterically bulky substituent at a position one, two or three atoms removed from the position of attachment of said base to the backbone; wherein:

the nucleic acid mimic has formula (I):



wherein:

n is at least 2,

each of L^1 - L^n is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, (C_1-C_4) alkanoyl, naturally occurring nucleobases, non-naturally occurring nucleobases, aromatic moieties, DNA intercalators, nucleobase-binding groups, heterocyclic moieties, and reporter ligands, at least one of L^1 - L^n being said base substituted with at least one sterically bulky substituent;

each of C^1-C^n is $(CR^6R^7)_y$, where R^6 is hydrogen and R^7 is selected from the group consisting of the side chains of naturally occurring alpha amino acids, or R^6 and R^7 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_2-C_6) alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy, (C_1-C_6) alkylthio, NR^3R^4 and SR^5 , where R^3 and R^4 are as defined above, and R^5 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted (C_1-C_6) alkyl, or R^6 and R^7 taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

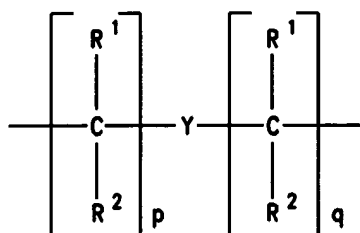
each of D^1-D^n is $(CR^6R^7)_z$ where R^6 and R^7 are as defined above;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum $y + z$ being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

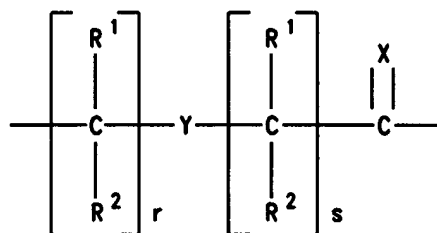
each of G^1-G^{n-1} is $-NR^3CO-$, $-NR^3CS-$, $-NR^3SO-$ or $-NR^3SO_2-$, in either orientation, where R^3 is as defined above;

each pair of A^1-A^n and B^1-B^n are selected such that:

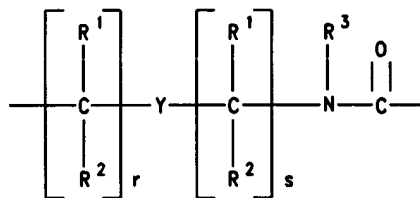
- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or R^3N^+ ; or
- (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;



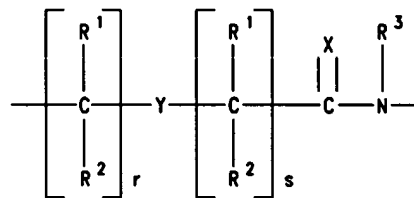
(IIa)



(IIb)



(IIc)



(IId)

where:

X is O, S, Se, NR^3 , CH_2 or $C(CH_3)_2$;